



# International Journal of Homoeopathic Sciences

E-ISSN: 2616-4493

P-ISSN: 2616-4485

[www.homoeopathicjournal.com](http://www.homoeopathicjournal.com)

IJHS 2021; 5(3): 329-333

Received: 28-03-2021

Accepted: 30-04-2021

**Daniela Franco Lopes**

(1) Graduate Program in  
Biomedical Engineer,  
Anhembí-Morumbi University,  
São José dos Campos, SP,  
Brazil

(2) IDIS Lamasson, Doctor  
Izao Soares Institute, Postal  
Code, São, Paulo, SP, Brazil

**Guilherme Augusto Barbosa**

Anhanguera University  
Center, Postal Code,  
Campinas, São, Paulo, SP,  
Brazil

**Heloisa Bolonhini Marques**

Anhanguera University  
Center, Postal Code,  
Campinas, São, Paulo, SP,  
Brazil

**Corresponding Author:**

**Daniela Franco Lopes**

(1) Graduate Program in  
Biomedical Engineer,  
Anhembí-Morumbi University,  
São José dos Campos, SP,  
Brazil

(2) IDIS Lamasson, Doctor  
Izao Soares Institute, Postal  
Code, São, Paulo, SP, Brazil

## An unconventional approach in the treatment of canine peritoneal mesothelioma with ultra-diluted *Viscum album*: Case report

**Daniela Franco Lopes, Guilherme Augusto Barbosa and Heloisa Bolonhini Marques**

**DOI:** <https://doi.org/10.33545/26164485.2021.v5.i3e.444>

### Abstract

Mesothelioma is a diffuse and primary neoplasm, arising from mesothelial cells that line the cavitory organs such as peritoneum, rarely found in dogs, it is aggressive and has a high mortality rate and no effective treatment with low therapeutic response to chemotherapy and radiotherapy: (1) Background: The objective of the clinical study was to use ultra-diluted *Viscum album* in monotherapy, analyzing the staging and anti-metastatic potential after splenectomy. The therapeutic methodology according to the Law of Similar described in Homeopathy was through the combination of ultra-diluted *V.a* in combined potencies. (2) Methods: The objective of the clinical study was to use ultra-diluted *V.a* in monotherapy, analyzing the staging and anti-metastatic potential after splenectomy. The therapeutic methodology according to the Law of similar described in Homeopathy was through the combination of ultra-diluted *Viscum album* in combined potencies by subcutaneous route. (3) Results: The results showed that the combined ultra-diluted *Viscum album* promoted modification of the cystic structures and staged the abdominal mass, preventing metastases for 30 months. (4) Conclusions: We conclude that although peritoneal mesothelioma is an extremely serious neoplasm, with high metastatic potential, the ultra-diluted *Viscum album* protocol increased survival without the use of any chemotherapeutic substance.

**Keywords:** cancer, mesothelioma, unconventional treatments, *Viscum album*, dog

### 1. Introduction

Mesothelioma is a diffuse and primary neoplasm, arising from mesothelial cells, which line the cavitory organs such as the peritoneum. Rarely found in dogs, it is aggressive and has a high mortality rate<sup>[1]</sup>. The etiology is multifactorial, but older males may be more affected<sup>[2]</sup>. Furthermore, its appearance may be related to exposure to chemicals such as asbestos, fungicides and herbicides<sup>[3]</sup>. Clinical signs are nonspecific, but the pericardium and peritoneal type cause dyspnea, dry cough, weight loss<sup>[4]</sup> and abdominal swelling<sup>[3]</sup>. The definitive diagnosis is obtained by histopathology<sup>[5]</sup>. However, there is no effective treatment, intracavitary cisplatin is used palliatively, but the prognosis is poor. Ultra-diluted *Viscum album* (Figure 1) has been used for over 100 years worldwide, highlight it as a therapy in integrative oncology<sup>[6]</sup> especially in animals with different types of severe neoplasms<sup>[7]</sup>.



**Fig 1:** This is a *Viscum album* (*V.a*) *in locus*

*Viscum album* (V.a), originally found in Europe, is a semi-parasitic vegetable, indicated as a complement for several types of cancer [8]. The active proteins in its extract are lectins and viscotoxins, being considered the main antitumor agents [9] as P13K/AKT, JNK, P38, MAPK pathways signaling the caspase cascade [10]. This study aimed to monitor the clinical evolution through biochemical tests, ultrasound, and clinical signs, on the development and progress of peritoneal mesothelioma, concomitant with treatment with ultra-diluted V.a. Depending on the stage of the disease and the patient's reaction, various regimens, doses, and routes of application are used in cancer therapy [11].

**2. Materials and Methods**

The dog was seen at UniFaJ (Jaguariúna, SP, Brazil) on 11/06/18, an animal *Canis familiaris*, SRD, male, 3 years old, 30 kg, with a history of clinical complaint of chronic dermatopathy for 3 years, chronic diarrhea with blood for more than 1 month, rectal prolapse, loss of appetite and abdominal pain, which underwent emergency care and was referred for immediate surgical intervention. Ultrasound imaging exams were performed to observe the evolution of the tumor (Table 1) as well as biochemical tests (Table 2). The descending colon mass and splenomegaly were visualized and removed for histopathological.

**Table 1:** Tables should be placed in the main text near to the first time they are cited

	06.11.18 (US) cm <sup>2</sup>	23.03.19 (US) cm <sup>2</sup>	05.11.19 (US) cm <sup>2</sup>	28.08.20 (US) cm <sup>2</sup>	10.05.21 (US) cm <sup>2</sup>
descending colon	3,2x2,0		0,19-0,24 without changes	0,12 without changes	1,21x6,0
	(L) 3,19x0,50 (R) 3,5 x 0,74	(L) 2,2 x 0,52 (R) 2,4 x 0,56	(L) 2,5 x 0,51 (R) 2,3 x 0,45	(L) 3,25 x 0,72 (R) 2,52 x 0,65	undefined, presence of large structure with irregular contours, compatible hyperplastic/neoplastic area/adhesion to organs
Lymph nodes	4,0x3,2	4,1x2,1	without changes	without changes	2,47 x 1,96, 3,45 x 2,30
Stomach cm thickness	0,48	0,95	0,44, (L)2,2 x 0,52 (R) 2,4 x 0,56	0,39	0,30
Pancreas	1,4		0,66	1,00	0,91
Liver	without changes	without changes	without changes	liver disease	liver disease

**Table 2:** Results of laboratory tests

Profile	05/11/2018	10/05/21	08/06/21
Red Cells	4,5mil/ mm <sup>3</sup>	3,95mil/ mm <sup>3</sup>	3,4mil / mm <sup>3</sup>
Globular volume	34%	31%	24%
Hemoglobin	10,7%	9,8%	7,6%
Total proteins	7,2g/ml	7g/ml	6,6g/ml
Platelets	270mil/mm <sup>3</sup>	438mil/mm <sup>3</sup>	260mil/mm <sup>3</sup>
Leukocytes	16,5 mil/mm <sup>3</sup>	8300mil/mm <sup>3</sup>	36mil/mm <sup>3</sup>
eosinophils	1%	4%	2%
Urea		39mg	65 mg
Creatinine		1,45mg	1,8mg
ALT		33UI/DL	22 UI/L
Glucose		-	77mg/dl

Histopathological examination revealed mesothelioma examination revealing (Figure 2: (a) Description of patient, (b) Description of lesion featuring mesothelioma. After surgical procedure and diagnosis, the patient was referred to the clinic Petquantic en Campinas, SP, Brazil, on 12/02/18 and on that same date the injectable homeopathy protocol was prescribed in 3 phases, where in phase 1 the protocol was daily, with subcutaneous applications, of one ampoule (Figure 3) of V.a 1x10<sup>-3</sup>+ 1x10<sup>-6</sup> (day 1), Va 1x10<sup>-9</sup>+1x10<sup>-12</sup> (day 2), V.a 1x10<sup>-30</sup> + 1x10<sup>-3</sup> (day 3), Va 1x10<sup>-6</sup> +1x 10<sup>-9</sup>

(day 4), Va 1x 10<sup>-12</sup> +1x10<sup>-30</sup> (day 5) and so, the protocol was repeated for 20 days. In addition, for 1 month, once a week, the patient returned to the office for a session of Chroma therapy and minor chemotherapy, being associated with an ampoule with V.a 1x 10<sup>-2</sup>. In phase 2, the patient started to receive the same combination subcutaneously, but on alternate days, for 30 days, maintaining the complement of Chroma therapy and chemotherapy. In phase 3, the same protocol was performed, three times a week, exclusively via the subcutaneous route, but performed at home.



**CDVE**  
Centro de Diagnóstico Veterinário Especializado

19 3631 3431  
patologia@cdve.com.br  
www.cdve.com.br

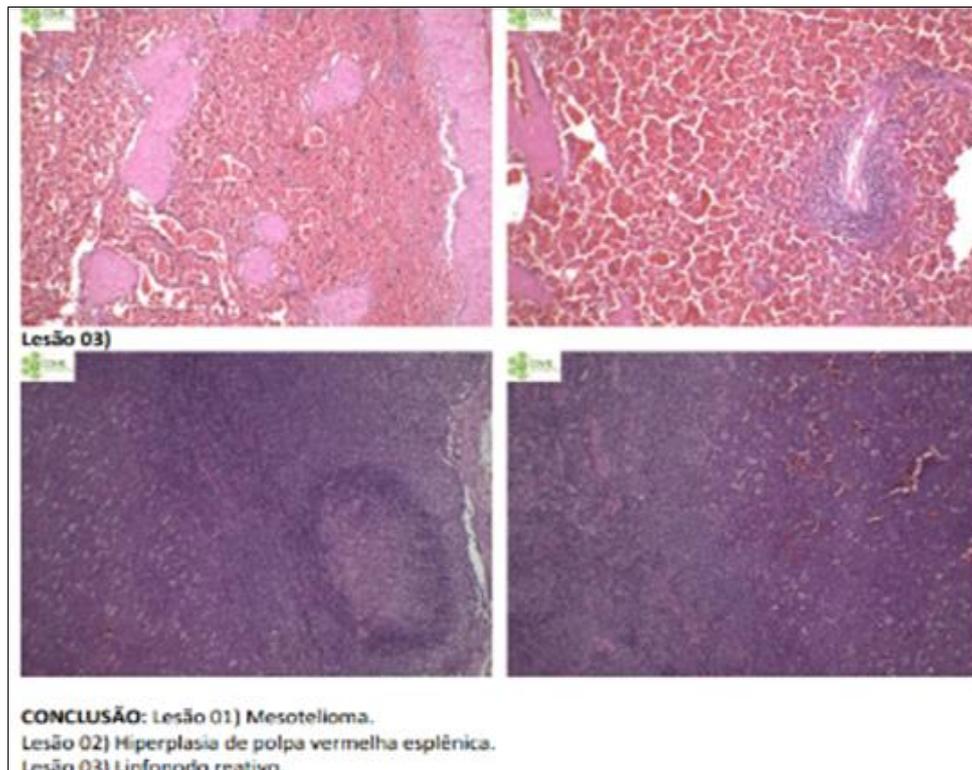
Rua Dom Pedro II, 304  
São Benedito  
São João da Boa Vista, SP  
CEP 13871-010

**RESULTADO DE EXAME HISTOPATOLÓGICO**

**TUTOR:** Junia Oliveira **Nº10/19**  
**ANIMAL:** Supino **ESPÉCIE:** Canina **RAÇA:** SRD **SEXO:** Macho **IDADE:** 03 anos **PELAGEM:** Curta  
**SOLICITANTE:** M.V. Não informado - UniFAJ **CRMV:** Não informado **DATA DA COLETA:** 07/11/2018  
**DATA DE ENTRADA DO MATERIAL EM LABORATÓRIO:** 10/01/2019

**LESÕES:**

(a) Description of patient



(b) Description of lesion featuring mesothelioma

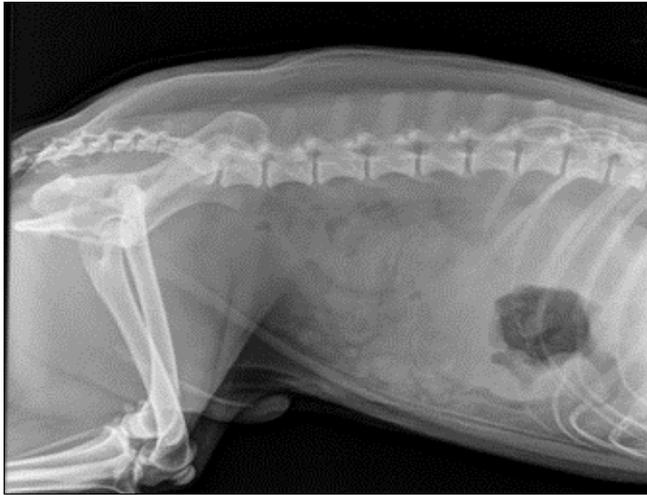
**Fig 2:** Histopathological Report



**Fig 3:** *Viscum album* ultra-diluted

**3. Results**

The patient had a survival with favorable clinical evolution, verified by the reduction and modification of the cystic mass and the staging of the disease during the treatment period reported by ultrasound imaging (Table 1), using the therapy with ultra-diluted *V.a* in combinations of potencies, without visible clinical alterations, no signs of pain or discomfort in any part of the body, he maintains his habits and routine normally and the treatment is carried out in the home environment with periodic visits to the clinic. Of the clinical signs and biochemical alterations most described in the literature were not observed in this clinical report, until the 30th month of treatment, when anemia and reduction of blood cells, leukocytosis were observed due to the return of inflammatory colitis as per x-ray image (Figure 4) because of metastasis but, did not show side effects because of the protocol used with homeopathy, unlike the drugs available in chemotherapy.



**Fig 4:** Abdominal X-ray of metastasis (10.05.21)

#### 4. Discussion

*Viscum album* is an unconventional therapy that has been shown to have therapeutic potential in several neoplasms such as chondrosarcomas, hemangioma of dogs and cats [7] and human malignant pleural mesothelioma that also received only treatment with *V.a.*, without the use of any type of chemotherapy, with a survival of 56 months with therapy [12] as opposed to what is indicated in conventional medicine and reported in studies carried out by [13] that recommend chemotherapy palliative, indicating that the estimated survival ranges from 129 days to 27 months, with several side effects and toxicity that can lead to the patient's death, it is verified by the biochemical exams (Table 2) that there was no leukopenia, renal failure, or myelosuppression as reported in the use of cisplatin [14]. The immunomodulatory action observed in the aqueous extract of this plant was also observed in its ultra-diluted and dynamized version [15, 16] with cytotoxic and immunomodulatory response in *V.a* 1x10<sup>-3</sup> and 1x10<sup>-30</sup> preparations. Many animal studies, as well as non-randomized, randomized and cohort studies showed that mistletoe extracts exhibit potential therapeutic effects in breast and gynecological cancer [17]. Still, it is correct to state that the instituted treatment was effective in its purpose, increasing the patient's survival, decrease among the cancer growth rate, improving immunity, as well as her quality of life. Based on its anatomopathological and histologic similarity, the ultra-diluted *V.a* has been used in homeopathic preparations for the complementary treatment of cancer patients and immunomodulatory [18]. The homeopathic therapeutic model is characterized by biological modification stimulating the vital forces that promote quality of life, promoted the control and staging of tumor disease, reduction of mass reduction and delaying the onset of metastasis in critical patients in agreement with reports [19] without the use of chemotherapeutics or other immunosuppressive drugs.

#### 5. Conclusions

We conclude that the use of ultra-diluted *Viscum album* protocol in monotherapy in 1x10<sup>-2</sup>, 1x10<sup>-3</sup>, 1x10<sup>-6</sup>, 1x10<sup>-9</sup>, 1x10<sup>-12</sup>, 1x10<sup>-30</sup> dynamized combinations by subcutaneous route provided the patient with staging and 30-month survival. This article demonstrates that an injectable ultra-diluted homeopathic form can be a therapeutic option for the

staging not only of the tumor mass, but also of complications resulting from metastasis, with no or less adverse effects due to the toxicity of chemotherapeutics that unparalleled alters the patient's quality of life. It is important to consider the integrative treatment models, they have certain peculiarities that modify the evolutionary response of the neoplastic patient.

**6. Informed Consent Statement:** This is a clinical case report where the tutor responsible for the patient authorized the use and the publication data.

**7. Data Availability Statement:** Data presented in this study are available upon request to the author for correspondence.

#### 8. Acknowledgments

The authors are grateful for the support and generosity of the Company Injectcenter from Ribeirão Preto, SP, Brazil, for the supply of inputs and the Lamasson Idis School for its support to the research, without which this study could not have conclude.

**9. Conflicts of Interest:** The authors declare no conflict of interest

#### 10. References

1. Cunha P, Luz Z, Seves I, Sousa C, Skiappa Ribeiro L, Marques C *et al.* Mesotelioma peritoneal maligno--dificuldades diagnósticas e terapêuticas [Malignant peritoneal mesothelioma -- diagnostic and therapeutic difficulties] *Acta Med Port* 2002;15(5):383-6. Portuguese. PMID: 12645223. [Pubmed]
2. Magnusson RA, Veit HP. Mesothelioma in a calf. 1987. *J Am Vet Med Assoc* 1987;191(2):233-4. PMID: 3610801. [Pubmed]
3. Faraon A, Tourrucô A, Cristini K, Ferreira S, De LO. Mesotelioma pleural em um cão da raça rottweiler. *Acta Scientiae Veterinariae* 2010;38(1):77-80. <https://doi.org/10.22456/1679-9216.16548>.
4. Acherman YI *et al.* Clinical presentation of peritoneal mesothelioma. *Tumori* 2003;89:269-273. [Pubmed]
5. Van de Walle P, Blomme Y, Van Outryve L. Laparoscopy and primary diffuse malignant peritoneal mesothelioma: a diagnostic challenge. *Acta Chir Belg* 2004;104:114-117. <http://doi: 10.1080/00015458.2003.11978408>. [Pubmed]
6. Downer SM, Cody MM, McCluskey P, Wilson PD, Arnott SJ, Lister TA *et al.* Pursuit and practice of complementary therapies by cancer patients receiving conventional treatment. *BMJ*. 1994; 309:86-9. <http://doi: 10.1136 / bmj.309.6947.86>. [Pubmed]
7. Lopes DF, Carvalho AC, Sibata MN. Estudo de casos clínicos de câncer em cães e gatos tratados com uma preparação homeopática injetável (2005-2007) *Pubvet* 2007, 1(6). Available in <http://www.pubvet.com.br/texto.php?id=68>
8. Kinle GS, Kinle H. Influence of *Viscum album* L. (European Mistletoe) Extracts on Quality of life in Cancer Patients: A Systematic Review of Controlled Clinical Studies. *Integrative Cancer Therapies* 2010. Doi: 10.1177/1534735410369673. [Pubmed]
9. Tabiasco J, Pon F, Fourmié JJ, Vercellone A. Mistletoe viscotoxins increase natural killer cell-mediated

- cytotoxicity European Journal of Biochemistry 2002;269(10):2591-600, 3. Doi: 10.1046 / j.1432-1033.2002.02932. x
10. Kleinsimon S, Kauczor G, Jaeger S *et al.* BMC Complementary and Alternative Medicine. 2017, 17:26. Available in <https://bmccomplementmedtherapies.biomedcentral.com/articles/10.1186/s12906-016-1545-7>
  11. Jurin M, Zarkovic N, Borovic S, Kissel D. Immunomodulation by the *Viscum Album* L preparation Isorel and its antitumorous effects. In: Scheer R, *et al.* (Eds.), *Grundlagen der Misteltherapie, Aktueller Stand der Forschung und Klinische Anwendung* 1996, 315-324. <http://doi: 10.1186 / 1756-9966-28-79> [Pubmed]
  12. Werthmann Paul G, Saltzwedel Gerhard, Kienle Gunver S. Minor regression and long-time survival (56 months) in a patient with malignant pleural mesothelioma under *Viscum album* and *Helleborus niger* extracts—a case report., *Journal of thoracic disease* 2017;9(12):E1064. <http:// DOI: 10.21037 / jtd.2017.11.56> [Pub med] Withrow, Stephen J. Withrow and MacEwen's small animal clinical oncology, Elsevier Health Sciences 2007.
  13. Schaeppi U, Heyman IA, Fleischman RW, Rosenkrantz H, Iliovski V, Phelan R *et al.* cis-Dichlorodiammineplatinum (II) (NSC-119 875): preclinical toxicologic evaluation of intravenous injection in dogs, monkeys and mice. *Toxicol Appl Pharmacol* 1973;25(2):230-41. Doi: 10.1016/s0041-008x (73)80009-2. PMID: 4197634. [http:// DOI: 10.1016 / s0041-008x \(73\) 80009-2](http:// DOI: 10.1016 / s0041-008x (73) 80009-2) [Pubmed]
  14. Estko M, Baumgartner S, Urech K, Kunz M, Reguero U, Heusser P *et al.* Tumour cell derived effects on monocyte/macrophage polarization and function and modulatory potential of *Viscum album* lipophilic extract *in vitro*. *BMC Complement Altern Med* 2015;15:130. Available in <https://bmccomplementmedtherapies.biomedcentral.com/articles/10.1186/s12906-015-0650-3>.
  15. Carvalho AC, Bonamin LV, Porto E. Canine Neurofibrosarcoma treatment with *Viscum album* in serial dilutions Proceedings of the XXVII GIRI Symposium 2013. Bern (Switzerland). GIRI. Available in <https://highdilution.org/index.php/ijhdr/article/view/664>
  16. Kienle GS, Glockmann A, Schink M, Kiene H. *Viscum album* L. extracts in breast and gynecological cancers: a systematic review of clinical and preclinical research. *Journal of Experimental and Clinical Cancer Research* 2009, 28(1, article 79). <http://DOI: 10.1186 / 1756-9966-28-79>. [Pubmed]
  17. Carvalho AC. Atividade Anti-neoplásica de *Viscum album* (L) em Tumores Experimentais: Revisão Crítica e Estudo Experimental em Tumor de Ehrlich. 69f. Tese (Doutorado em Patologia Ambiental e Experimental) – 2015, Universidade Paulista, São Paulo. Available in <https://pesquisa.bvsalud.org/portal/resource/pt/vtt-204203>.
  18. Lopes DF, Carvalho CC, Sibata MN, Sibata AC, Silveira Jr L. Staging of Adrenal Gland and Pancreas Neoplastic Cyst with ultra-diluted *Viscum album*: Case Report. *Journal of Pharmacy and Pharmacology* 2020, 77-80. <http://doi:10.17265/2328-2150/2020.03.002>. Available in

[https://www.researchgate.net/publication/340254935\\_S tag](https://www.researchgate.net/publication/340254935_S tag)